

# Health Cards 

## Introduction



# The Health Cards use Easy Read text and pictures to explain what happens during medical health checks. 

The cards can be used to ask and answer questions.

All cards are coloured into sections for each health topic.

Health services you may need

Pain and how you are feeling

## Support you may need

Health and lifestyle

Women's health

## Men's health

Checking your weight

## Temperature

## Blood pressure

Oxygen levels

Breathing test

Stomach examination

## Urine and stool sample

Blood, diabetes and vaccines

## Cannula

Peak flow test

## Stool chart

## Which health services do you need?



# Accident and Emergency 

Hospital appointment

GP doctor's appointment

Nurse's appointment

## Are you in pain?

## Pain scale



3-5
Moderate pain is hard to ignore


5-9
Severe pain is very painful
9-10
Worst possible pain is unbearable

## Where is your pain?

The front of your body

The back of your body


The front of your head

The back of your head

## Chest

## Chest pain

Breasts



Testicles


Testicles

Bottom

Legs or feet
Legs

## How are you feeling?

## Tired or drowsy

## Changes in sleep pattern



Confused


In pain



## Hot

## Cold

## Shivering or shaking

## Trouble breathing

Feeling sick or vomiting

## Any other symptoms?

## Coughing

## Bleeding

Problems going to the toilet

Changes in your wee or poo

## Point to your pain



## Do you require support?



Mobility


Hearing or eyesight


Communication

Carer

## Your health and lifestyle



Do you drink alcohol?


## Do you smoke?



## Do you exercise?

## How is your diet?

# Do you have any health conditions? 

Breathing problems

## Epilepsy



Heart disease



## Diabetes

## Do you take medication?

## Prescribed medication



Inhalers or sprays


Do you have any allergies?


What are you allergic to?

## Women's health

## Do you have regular periods?



# Do you go for cervical smear tests? 



Do you go for a mammogram?

Do you check yourself regularly?

## Men's health

# Do you have problems going to the toilet? 

Do you have problems urinating?


Do you have blood in your poo or urine?

Do you check yourself regularly?

## Taking your temperature

The doctor or nurse will take your temperature using a thermometer

This will be placed in your outer ear

The doctor or nurse will then take your temperature and tell you the reading

A high temperature is usually considered to be 38C or above.

## Checking your weight



Take your coat off


You may leave your shoes on

Step onto the scales

The nurse will read the scales and tell you your weight


## Taking your blood pressure



This is a blood pressure machine

You will be asked to roll up your sleeve


The doctor or nurse will place the cuff around your arm


The cuff will then be fastened to your arm


## The cuff will tighten on your arm and will not hurt

This may take 1 or 2 minutes

The doctor or nurse will remove the cuff

The doctor or nurse may type your blood pressure number in to the computer

Blood pressure is a measure of the force that your heart uses to pump blood around your body.


## Listening to your breathing and heart



A stethoscope is used to check your breathing and heart

The doctor or nurse may ask you to loosen your top


They will place the stethoscope onto your chest

The doctor or nurse will ask you to take deep breaths

# They may also place the stethoscope onto your back 

The doctor or nurse will listen to your breathing or heartbeat

This may take 1 or 2 minutes

## The doctor or nurse will explain their findings

You may put any clothing back on

## Oxygen levels

The pulse oximeter clips onto your finger and does not hurt

This machine checks the levels of oxygen in your body

And how well you are breathing

An Oximeter checks how much oxygen is in your blood. This can tell a doctor if you are unwell or getting better.

## Stomach examination



This is a medical bed


The doctor or nurse will ask you to take off your coat and lie on the bed


The doctor or nurse may ask you to pull your clothing up or down

The doctor or nurse will place their hands on your stomach


# If you feel any pain you must tell the doctor or nurse 



Show the doctor or nurse where you feel the pain

When finished they will ask you to sit up



You can then get off the bed

And put any clothing back on

## Urine sample

You will be given a sample bottle to place your wee in


Visit the toilets with the sample bottle


## Unscrew the sample bottle lid



Start to wee in the toilet then place the bottle to catch the wee

# Once the bottle is full move the sample bottle away 



Screw the lid back onto the sample bottle

Wash your hands

You may now give this bottle to the doctor or nurse

## The nurse or doctor will check your wee using a test strip

## Stool sample

You will be given a sample bottle

You must place your poo sample in to the bottle


Visit the toilets with your sample bottle

It is easier to use a dish to collect your poo sample

# Hold the dish or container in the toilet bowl to catch your sample 



# When finished on the toilet, unscrew the sample bottle lid 



Take a small poo sample using the spoon on the bottle lid

Place this in the bottle and screw the cap onto the sample bottle

Wash your hands then give the bottle to the doctor or nurse

## Blood testing

The nurse will ask you roll up your sleeve

They may place a band on your arm

You will need to keep your arm still

The nurse will use a needle to take your blood

You may feel a scratch on your arm and it will not hurt

Once the nurse is finished she will place cotton wool on your arm


Followed by a plaster on your arm

You must tell the nurse if you are allergic to cotton wool or plasters

Your blood sample will be sent away for testing

## Diabetes testing



A lancet pen is used to take a small drop of your blood

A small drop of blood is squeezed and placed onto a strip inserted in the blood monitor


Once this is complete the nurse will give you cotton wool to dab on your finger

The monitor will give you your reading

## Having a vaccine

You should not have a vaccine if you feel unwell

A nurse usually gives a vaccine


## The nurse will have the vaccine ready



The nurse will ask you to roll your sleeve up

The nurse will then put a needle into your arm

You may feel a scratch in your arm and it will not hurt

After the vaccine the nurse will place cotton wool on your arm

The nurse will then put a plaster on your arm.

You must tell the nurse if you are allergic to cotton wool or plasters

## Cannula

Some medicine and fluids may need to go into your blood stream through a drip


The nurse will put a cannula into a vein in your hand


Or in your arm

The nurse will do this quickly then tape it in place

A long plastic tube will be joined to the cannula

The tube is joined to a bag of medicine or fluids

The nurse may give you medication via a syringe

Or medicine may be given through a pump machine

Having medicine through a cannula gets into your body quicker than tablets.

## Peak flow test

## A tube is attached to a peak flow meter

Place your mouth on the tube


You will be asked to breathe in and then blow hard into the meter

The peak flow test measures how much you breathe out when you exhale.

## Stool Chart



Type 5<br>Soft blobs

## Type 6 <br> Fluffy pieces

Type 7<br>Liquid or watery

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# Northumbria Healthcare 

Special thanks to the Northumbria Healthcare NHS Foundation Trust for their collaboration to enable us to make these Easy Read Health Cards.

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